The table categorizes fat distribution ("Fettverteilung") in liver tissue. Here's an explanation of each category:

1. **1 - Periportal**:
   * Fat accumulation is primarily located around the portal tracts (areas where the bile ducts, arteries, and veins enter the liver).
2. **2 - Pericentral (Perzentral)**:
   * Fat accumulation is primarily located around the central veins in the liver lobules.
3. **3 - Predominantly periportal (vorwiegend periportal)**:
   * Fat distribution is mainly periportal, but some fat may also be present in other areas.
4. **4 - Predominantly pericentral (vorwiegend perizentral)**:
   * Fat distribution is mainly pericentral, with some fat potentially in other regions.
5. **5 - Mixed**:
   * Fat is distributed evenly or variably throughout the liver, without a clear preference for periportal or pericentral regions.
6. **6 - No fatty changes (no fatty changes)**:
   * No evidence of fat accumulation in the liver tissue.

This classification is often used in pathology or radiology to describe patterns of fatty liver disease (steatosis).